1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATI	ON		
Product Name	: MOLYGREEN I	HYBRID OW-20 SN•	GF-5
Product Code	: 29-E-27		
Recommended Use	: Engine oil		
Identification of the supplier	: CHUGAI YUKAGAKU KOGYO	Co., Ltd.	
Address		-City, Saitama Pref. JAPAN	
Phone number	: +81-48-924-5211	···;,, ····· ···· ···· ····· ·····	
Facsimile number	: +81-48-924-5212		
Emergency telephone number	: +81-48-929-0051		
2. Hazards identification			
GHS CLASSIFICATION			
PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL HAZARDS	: Not classified		
HEALTH HAZARDS	: Not classified		
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	: Not classified		
GHS LABELING	. Net emplicable		
Precautionary pictograms Signal word	: Not applicable : Not applicable		
Hazard Statement	: Not applicable		
Precautionary Statements	. Not applicable		
Prevention	: Not applicable		
Response	: Not applicable		
Storage	: Not applicable		
Disposal	: Not applicable		
•			
※ Even when there is no mentionir prevention /response/storage/disp			ase consider sufficiently to
3. Composition/information on ingre	dients		
Substance/Mixture	: Mixture		
The name of a chemical substance	: <u>Mixture of lubricant</u>	base oils and Additives	
Ingredients and Concentration	: Ingredients	Cas No.	Concentration (mass%)
	Petroleum	64742-54-7	70-80
	hydrocarbons		
	Polyalphaolefin	100172-11-1	2-8
	Fatty acid Ester	27178-16-1	2-8
Chemical formula	Additives : nonidentifiable	(Mixture)	10-20
Chemical formula Hazardous substances	. nonruentiiiable		
Poisonous and Deleterious Substa	ances Control Act	: Not Regulated	
Pollutant Release and Transfer H		: Not Regulated	
Japan Industrial Safety and	: Ingredients	Cabinet Order No.	Concentration (mass%)
Health Act	Mineral oil	Article 18, 1, Attached	80-90
		table 9-168 of Cabinet	
		order(Labeling, etc)	
	Molybdenum and	Article 18, 1, Attached	0. 1-1. 0
	its compounds	table 9-603 of Cabinet	(as Molybdenum
		order(Labeling, etc)	: <0.05)
4. First-aid measures	1.D	1 1	
Inhalation			sition comfortable for breathing.
	advice.	olankets to keep warm and quiet.	If you feel unwell, seek medical
Skin Contact		the polluted clothes and fluch	skin with large amounts of water
SKIII CONTACT	and soapy water.	the portated crothes and riush	SKIN WITH TALKE AMOUNTS OF WATEL
	2 Wash contaminated clo	thing before reuse.	
Eye Contact		er carefully for several minutes	5.
•		if present and if removal is	
	3 Rinse for 15 minutes	at a minimum and seek medical a	attention.
Ingestion	1 Do not induce vomitin	g. Call a physician or poison (control center immediately.
	2 When the inside of th	e mouth is polluted, it's wash	ed with water enough.
5. Fire-fighting measures	. M: 4 0 1 1 1 1		
Extinguishing Media	-	l, dry chemicals, carbon dioxid	e, fire foam, and dry sand are
Extinguishing Madia to Accid	effective.	of water eer eeres	approaching fire
Extinguishing Media to Avoid Specific hazards arising	_	n of water can cause a risk of : e, may release irritant gases.	spreading iire.
Peculiar fire extinguishing method			
i courrar inte extinguishing method		rrounding facilities for coolin	ງອ.
		sons off the site of occurrence	-
Precautions for fire fighters		ard direction while wearing pro	
		, wear impervious protective e	
		aratus and protective clothing	
	_ **		
6. Accidental release measures			
Personal precautions	: Wear protective equip	-	11 . 1
Environmental precautions	I Prevent spreading of	oil spill with earth and sand,	sandbags, or other proper

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Prevention of second accident	 materials and use care not to allow the oil spill to flow to street dra systems, and rivers. 2 At sea, install oil spill containment booms to prevent spreading of spi absorb with absorption mat or other proper materials. 1 Make a person evacuate from a dangerous area. 2 Stretch a rope and prohibit person's entering around the dangerous area 3 In case of spillage in small quantity, collect spillage by absorbing wi sand, sawdust, waste, or other proper materials. 4 In case of spillage in large quantity, enclose with embankment to preve of spillage and collect spillage in empty containers to the extent poss 1 In case of spillage, immediately inform the organizations concerned of 	lls and th earth, nt spreading ible.
	to prevent possible accidents and spreading of spillage. 2 Remove nearby potential ignition sources immediately and make fire-exti agents available. 3 Remove spillage completely, and ventilate and clean the site and the su	
7. Handling and storage		
Handling Technical measures	 Keep away from any possible contact with sparks, open flames, and high- materials, and do not allow release of vapor without justification. Use personal protective equipment as required. Use pumps or other proper equipment for taking out from containers. Do with your mouth using a tube. Do not drink. When mist is generated, use respiratory equipment to prevent inhalation 	not siphon
Ventilation/Exhaust measure	 Maintain adequate ventilation when handling indoors. In case of vapor/mist dispersion, install a closed system, local ventil and/or other proper equipment for the sources of vapor/mist generation. 	ation system,
Precautions	 1 Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. 2 Wear protective gloves when opening containers to eliminate a risk of h 3 Avoid rough handling of containers such as falling, dropping, exposing and dragging. 	
Storage		
Storage Conditions	 Store in a well ventilated, cool, dry, dark place, protecting from dire 2 Avoid every kind of potential ignition sources and high-temperature mat 3 Keep containers tightly closed after use to prevent possible contaminat dust and moisture. 	erials.
Precautions	 Avoid contact and storage in the same place with Halogens, Strong acids and Oxidizers. Enpty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not weld, drill, cut or perform similar operations unless they have been properly 	solder,
8. Exposure controls and personal	protection	
Engineering controls	 In case of mist generation, enclose the source of mist generation, or i ventilation system. Install eye cleaning and body cleaning equipment near the handling site 	
Control parameters	: None established Assessment Criteria of Working Environment (Ministry of Labor, Notification No.79 in 27-Mar-95)	
Threshould Limit Values	1 Time Weighted Average 3mg/m ³ (Mineral Oil Mist) (Japan Society for Occupational Health /2010 year editions) 2 Time Weighted Average 5mg/m ³ (Mineral Oil Mist)	
	(ACGIH /2010 year editions)	
Protective Equipment Respiratory Protection	: Not needed under normal conditions, but wear a gas mask (against organi whenever required.	c gases)
Hand protection	: In case of prolonged or repeated exposure, wear oil-resistant hand prot	ection.
Eye protection	: In case of exposure to splashes, wear ordinary type goggles.	
Skin Protection	: In case of handling over a prolonged period of time or in case of expos wear oil-resistant, long-sleeved work clothing.	ure to oll,
Hygiene Measures	1 Take off contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse. 2 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
9. Physical and chemical propertie	95	
Appearances		
Physical state Form	: Liquid : Viscous fluid	
Color	: Clear brown	
0dor	: Slight odor	
Density (at 15 C)	1.0.85 g/cm ³ JIS K 2249 US K 2005 4 (0.000	2)
Flash Point Viscosity (at 40°C)	: >200 °C JIS K 2265-4 (COC : 44 mn^2/s JIS K 2283	<i>)</i>
(at 100℃)	1.44 mm/s J13 K 2283 : 8.5 mm ² /s JIS K 2283	
Pour Point:	: <-20.0 °C JIS K 2269	
Upper/lower flammability or explo		
Solubility	: Explosion Limit (1-7%) : Water/insoluble	

SAFETY DATA SHEET

10. Stability and reactivity	
Chemical stability	: Stable when stored or preserved in a dark place at room temperature.
	: Keep away from any possible contact with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	I Contact with incompatible hazard substances.
	2 Prolonged heating, open flames, and ignition sources
Incompatible materials	: Use care to keep away from any possible contact with halogens, strong acids,
incompatible materials	alkalis, and Oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition products	: When burnt, may release carbon monoxide and other gases.
Halarabab accomposition produces	· when same, may release same meneral and coner gases.
11. Toxicological information	
(The obtained information is base	d on a safety data sheet of each ingredient)
Product	
For mixtures, hazard category wa	is identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures.
Acute toxicity	: No data available
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	: No data available
Serious Eye Damage	: No data available
/Eye Irritation	
Respiratory sensitizer	: No data available
Skin sensitizer	: No data available
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	. No data available
Carcinogenicity	: No data available
Toxic to reproduction	No data available
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	No data available
(Single Exposure)	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	: No data available
(Repeated Exposure)	
Aspiration Hazard	: As Kinematic viscosity at 40°C is 20.5 mm^2/s and more .not applicable.
Ingredients (Petroleum hydrocarbons	
Acute toxicity(oral)	'': LD50:≧ 5000 mg/kg[rat]
Acute toxicity(dermal)	$LD50: \ge 5000 \text{ mg/kg[rat]}$
Acute toxicity(Inhalation)	LC50(4h) > 5.0 mg/L[rat] (0il mist)
Serious eye damage	: Practically None [rabbit]
Respiratory sensitization	: Not applicable
Skin sensitization	: None Buehler method [guinea pig]
Mutagenicity	: None AMES method [guinea pig]
Carcinogenicity	: EU:Category 2: R45 need not apply. (NOTE L is Applicable), IARC:3
Reproductive toxicity	Negative
Specific target organ toxicity	
opeoille carget eigan conterey	: Toxicity isn't admitted.
Specific target organ toxicity	
1 0 0 ,	: Toxicity isn't admitted.
Aspiration hazard	: Not applicable
Ingredients (Polyalphaolefin)	
Acute toxicity(oral)	: LD50:≧ 2000 mg/kg[rat] The toxicity is very low.
• • •	This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.
Acute toxicity(dermal)	: LD50:≧ 2000 mg/kg[rat] The toxicity is very low.
• • •	This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.
Acute toxicity(Inhalation)	: LC50(4h) >5000 mg/m3 (0il mist) The toxicity is very low.
	This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.
Aspiration hazard	: The toxicity is very low. (In room temperature)
-	This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.
Skin corrosion/irritation	: The toxicity is very low. (In room temperature)
	This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: There is a fear that the unpleasant feeling which is short time's slightness is
	exerted on eyes.
	This data is based on data of a similar chemical structure.
Sensitization	: Practically None
Chronic toxicity	: The important influence to health is identical or is estimated not to cause it under
Long-term toxicity	the usual conditions for use according to a study at a laboratory by a substance of
	resemblance.
Mutagenicity	: Not determined
Carcinogenicity	: Not applicable (IARC,NTP,Japan Society for Occupational Health)
Reproductive toxicity	: Not determined
Teratogenesis	: Not determined
Ingredients (Adipic acid diisodesy	
Acute toxicity(oral)	: Rat LD50=20.500mg/kg. ^{1,2)}
	Rat LD50>5,000mg/kg ²⁾
	Guinea pig LD50>5,000mg/kg ²⁾
Acute toxicity(dermal)	: Rat LD50>5.000mg/kg ²⁾
Acute toxicity(Inhalation)	: Not determined
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Rat None ²⁾
Serious eye damage/irritation	Rabbit None ²⁾
Respiratory sensitization	: Not determined Adipic acid diisodesyl ester
Skin sensitization	: None ²⁾
Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity	: Not determined : Not determined
Carcinogenicity	. NOU GELEIMINEG

3 / 5 ページ

Reproductive toxicity	: Not determined
Specific target organ toxicity	
Specific target organ toxicity	: Not determined 7 (Repeated exposure) : Not determined
Aspiration hazard	: Not determined
	 Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical substances 1997 International Uniform Chemical Information Database data Set 2000
Ingredient (Additive)	2000
	content in the product ; 6-10 mass %)
Acute toxicity(Oral)	: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea. (Information on the ingredient included in an additive package) Mineral oil (The content in the product ; 2.4-4.9 mass %)
	LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphatel (The content in the product ; 0.8-1.6 mass %) LD50 Oral Rat 3100 mg/kg
	Calcium long-chain alkylphenate sulfide (The content in the product ; 0.1-1.4 mass %) LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg
	Alkaryl aminel (The content in the product ; 0.1-1.4 mass %) LD50 Oral Rat >5000 mg/kg Polvolefin
	LD50 Oral Rat >10000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity(Dermal)	: Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. (Information on the ingredient included in an additive package) Mineral oil (The content in the product ; 2.4-4.9 mass %)
	LD50 Dermal Rabbit >5000 mg/kg Zinc dialkyl dithiophosphatel (The content in the product ; 0.8-1.6 mass %)
	LD50 Dermal Rat >2000 mg/kg Calcium long-chain alkylphenate sulfide (The content in the product ; 0.1-1.4 mass %) LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg
	Polyolefin LD50 Dermal Rabbit >2000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity(nhalation)	: Inhalation of oil mist or vapors at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory
	irritation. (Information on the ingredient included in an additive package)
	Mineral oil (The content in the product ; 2.4-4.9 mass $\%$)
	LC50 Inhalation Rat >5000 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor
	Polyolefin
Eye contact Other information	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes.
Eye contact Other information	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor
Other information 12. Ecological information	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : No data available
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available is) : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. LC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/l EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/l NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available is) : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. LC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/l EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/l NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample.
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available is) : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. LC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/l EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/l NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water
Other information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity	<pre>Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.</pre>
Other information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.
Other information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity	Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m ³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.
Other information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity	<pre>Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : So (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/1 EC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/1 EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/1 NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/1 NOEL (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 21 d): > 10 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 21 d): > 10 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Biological decomposition test outcome is 31% (28 days). There is biodegradability</pre>
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients (Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity Chronic toxicity	<pre>Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m* 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available.</pre>
Other information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients(Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity	<pre>Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : No data available :s) : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. LC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/1 EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/1 NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Biological decomposition test outcome is 31% (28 days). There is biodegradability basically, but it isn't biodegradability easily. : There is no useful information. : Log KOC of resemblance group oil is guessed at with more than 3. It's difficult to</pre>
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients (Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity Chronic toxicity Bioaccumulative potential	<pre>Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. seed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) vas identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available : No data available soluted because dissolve in no water. LC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/1 EC 50 (Water flee (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/1 NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/1 NOEL (Water flee (Daphnia magna), 21 d): > 10 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/1 NOEL (Water flee (Daphnia magna), 21 d): > 10 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Biological decomposition test outcome is 31% (28 days). There is biodegradability basically, but it isn't biodegradability easily. : There is no useful information. : Log KOC of resemblance group oil is guessed at with more than 3. It's difficult to think that the oil which leaked at the surface of the earth flows to groundwater by</pre>
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients (Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity Chronic toxicity Bioaccumulative potential	<pre>Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. sed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : No data available :s) : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. LC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/1 EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/1 NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/1 Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Biological decomposition test outcome is 31% (28 days). There is biodegradability basically, but it isn't biodegradability easily. : There is no useful information. : Log KOC of resemblance group oil is guessed at with more than 3. It's difficult to</pre>
Other information 12. Ecological information (The obtained information is bas Product For mixtures, hazard category w Ecotoxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility Other adverse effect Ingredients (Petroleum hydrocarbon Ecotoxicity Acute toxicity Chronic toxicity Bioaccumulative potential Mobility	<pre>Polyolefin LC50 Inhalation Rat >19171 mg/m³ 4 hours Vapor : Non-irritating to the eyes. : Not available. seed on a safety data sheet of each ingredient) was identified based on the classification criteria for mixtures. : No data available : S) : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. LC 50 (Fathead Minnow, 4 d): > 100 mg/l EC 50 (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 2 d): > 10,000 mg/l NOEL (Green algae (selenastrum capricomutum)): >100mg Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. : Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Fathead Minnow, 14 d): > 100 mg/l NOEL (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 21 d): > 10 mg/l Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Hydrobios is polluted because dissolve in no water. NOEL (Water flea (Daphnia magna), 21 d): > 10 mg/l Since putting it in the above test for water-insolubility, adjusted WAF (for water applicability picture) is being used as a sample. From the above test outcome, without aquatic environment acute harmful effects. Biological decomposition test outcome is 31% (28 days). There is biodegradability basically, but it isn't biodegradability easily. : There is no useful information. : Log KOC of resemblance group oil is guessed at with more than 3. It's difficult to think that the oil which leaked at the surface of the earth flows to groundwater by being absorbed in ground.</pre>

	: Not determined : Not determined : Microbial degradation /Initial concentration 8.4ppm /Decomposition rate 7days 100% : Not determined : Not determined : Not determined ontent in the product ; 6-10 mass %)
Environmental hazards Environmental fate	: Harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Based on calculation. : This product contains components which may be persistent in the environment.
12 Disposal considerations	
13. Disposal considerations Disposal methods	 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/ international regulations. Don't throw away. Every customer/user of the product should dispose of industrial waste on its own responsibility, otherwise it must rely on a company authorized by prefectural governor for treating industrial waste or a local public body involved in the disposal of industrial waste for proper disposal. Before disposal of used container, remove contents completely.
14. Transport information	
UN classification	: Not applicable
LAND - Precautionary Transportatio	
NOTE: Comply with applicable la	ws and regulations.
SEA (IMDG)	Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code
Marine Pollutant	: No
AIR (IATA)	: Not Regulated for Air Transport
Specific security precaution and o	ondition of transportation : Transport containers without causing any significant friction or shaking.
15. Regulatory information	
National Laws and Regulations	
Fire Service Law	: Category 4, Flammable Liquids, Class III (#4 Petroleum)
Industrial Safety and Health Act Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)	: Notified Substances : Not Regulated
Water Pollution Contro Act	: Regulations on emissions
Sewerage Act	: Regulations on emissions
Marine Pollution Prevention Low	
Waste Management and Pablic Cleaning Law	: Industrial waste treatment regulation
16. Other information	

16. Other information (references)

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals(GHS) (2013 year editions) The National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE) /GHS relevant information Japan Personnel management & Safety information /GHS relevant information The others; Additionally the information a literature search gave.

We would like every customer/user of the product to refer to the information and understand the necessity of taking appropriate measures for the actual handling conditions on their own responsibilities for optimum practical application of the product of interest.

Consequently, the Safety Data Sheet is not intended to guarantee the safety of the product referenced to herein.